

Morphometric Features of the Liver of White Rats after Severe Traumatic Brain Trauma

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Summary: The study was conducted on 60 white outbred rats 3 months of age. The fixed animals were accelerated on a vehicle made by hand in the form of a vehicle on wheels, and hit a wooden barrier with the frontal part of the head. As a result of this experiment, 16 white rats died on the spot. All dead rats during the experiment were instantly decapitated by decapitation. After opening the abdominal cavity, the liver was removed. The seized liver was examined and studied, and its dimensions were measured in the prescribed manner. The liver was fixed in Bouin's solution and embedded in paraffin according to generally accepted rules. Next, histological sections were prepared with a thickness of 6-7 μm , which were stained with hematoxylin-eosin. Morphometric studies of the liver tissue were performed under an NLCD-307B microscope. In 3-month-old rats, the total thickness of the liver wall in its various ranges remained unchanged, but some changes in the tissue structures of the liver were revealed.

Keywords: rat, liver, morphology, traumatic brain injury.

Relevance. According to the WHO, injuries rank third among the causes of general mortality of the population, and in the group of people under 45 years old - the first place [I.V. Bratishchev, 2002]. Traumatic brain injury (TBI) is the leading cause of mortality in trauma patients [Kalsotra D., 2007].

The high level of mortality and disability in patients with brain damage determines the undoubted social and medical significance of the TBI problem. The frequency and severity of craniocerebral injuries, high mortality (up to 26.8-81.5%) [2,3,4], determine the relevance of this problem and require further development of methods for treating TBI and its complications. The most vulnerable in TBI are the so-called. "shock" organs - lungs, liver, kidneys.

Traumatic brain injury (TBI) is a multifunctional disease characterized by high mortality and disability in a significant part of the victims.

To date, there have been no detailed studies of the effects of traumatic brain injury on the structure of the liver. Currently, at the Department of Pathological Anatomy of the Bukhara State Medical Institute named after Abu Ali ibn Sino, studies are ongoing on the effect of traumatic brain injury on changes in the morphological and functional parameters of the liver, which will deepen the understanding of the mechanisms of an adequate response of the liver to the effects of exogenous factors and the order of possible sequential changes in the morphometric parameters of this organ .

The purpose of the study was to study the morphometric parameters of the liver in 3-month-old white outbred rats with severe traumatic brain injury.

Materials and methods. The study was conducted on 60 white outbred rats 3 months of age. Animals were fixed in a device made by hand in the form of a vehicle on wheels, fixed rats accelerated on the vehicle and hit a wooden barrier with the frontal part of the head. As a result of this experiment, 16 white rats died on the spot. All rats that died during the experiment were decapitated on the spot by instantaneous decapitation. After opening the abdominal cavity, the liver was removed for further study. All conducted experiments on laboratory animals were carried out in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki of the International Medical Association of 1964, as well as declarations adopted in 1975, 1983, 1989, 1996, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2008, 2013.

Separated liver tissue and its parts were fixed in Bouin's solution and embedded in paraffin. Subsequently, sections of 6-7 μm in size were prepared and stained in hematoxylin-eosin solutions. Morphometric studies were carried out on an NLCD NOVEL-307B microscope (China).

Research results. Acute dyscirculatory and hemorrhagic changes in the liver after a traumatic brain injury indicate rapid death after injury, an increase in metabolic-dystrophic and necrobiotic changes in the center of the lobes corresponds to 24 hours, massive hemorrhages in the center of the lobes, "shock liver" in the form of centrilobular liver necrosis . Morphometric parameters of the hemomicrocirculatory bed and parenchymal structures of the liver in severe traumatic brain injury are shown in Table 1.

The diameter of the central vein was 56.12±1.40 mkm, interlobular vein 89.20±2.40 mkm, interlobular artery 27.12±2.47 mkm, interlobular bile duct 14.10±1.16 mkm. The area of hepatocytes was 493.9±12.20 mkm, nuclei 60.10±2.24 mkm, cytoplasm 432.10±1.08 mkm.

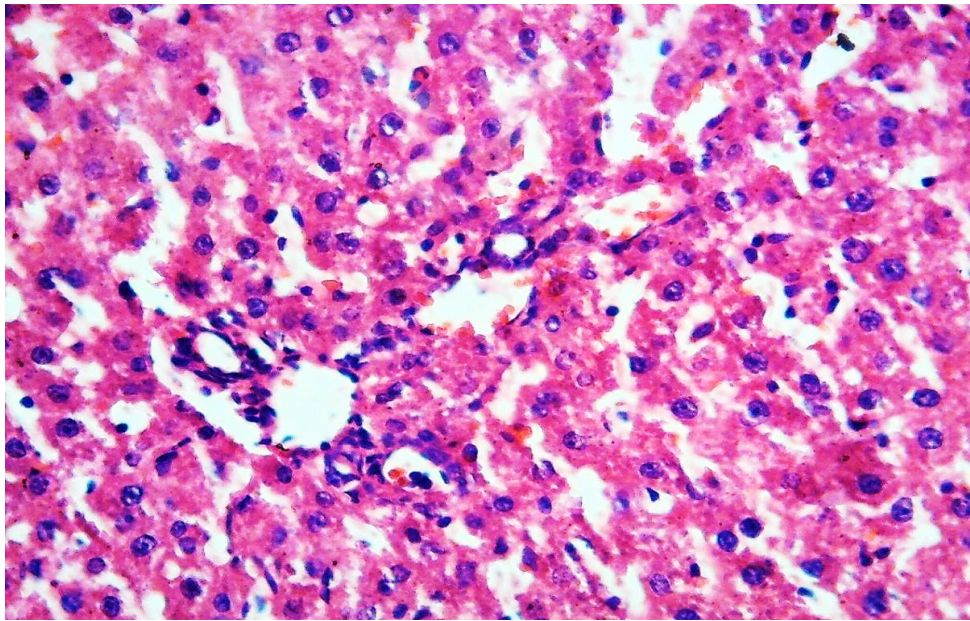


Fig. 1. Morphometric parameters of the liver of white outbred rats on the 1st day after brain injury in the experiment. Expansion of sinusoidal spaces and capillaries, expansion of central venous vessels, focal dystrophic changes in hepatocytes are observed. Hematoxylin-eosin dye. Ok 10x20.

Table 1. Group II - morphometric parameters of the hemomicrocirculatory system and parenchymal structures of the liver of purebred rats on the 1st day after brain injury (n = 60);

| № | Morphometric index Diameter, mkm. | Meaning indicator (M±m) Diameter, mkm. In the normal | Morphometric indicator Diameter, mkm. In the experiment | Meaning indicator (M±m) Diameter, mkm. Fine |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 1 | central vein | 54,05 ± 0,88 | central vein | 56,12±1,40 |
| 2 | interlobular vein | 87,82 ± 1,85 | interlobular vein | 89,20±2,40 |
| 3 | interlobular artery | 25,65 ± 2,43 | interlobular artery | 27,12±2,47 |
| 4 | interlobular bile duct | 13,88 ± 0,82 | interlobular bile duct | 14,10±1,16 |
| 5 | sinusoidal capillary | 28,38 ± 0,94 | sinusoidal capillary | 30,46±1,58 |
| Area, mkm | | | | |
| 1 | hepatocytes | 487,2 ± 11,16 | hepatocytes | 493,9±12,20 |
| 2 | nuclei | 58,91 ± 1,88 | nuclei | 60,10±2,24 |
| 3 | cytoplasm | 428,02 ± 9,20 | cytoplasm | 432,10±1,08 |
| Nuclear-cytoplasmic ratio | | 0,137 ± 0,06 | | |

Conclusions. The conducted studies allow us to conclude that in severe cases of traumatic brain injury - acute dyscirculatory and hemorrhagic changes in the liver prevail on the 1st day after TBI in the experiment; changes develop in the form of a "shock liver" expansion and plethora of the central veins and sinusoids, and then an increase in the permeability of their walls, venous plethora and diapedetic hemorrhage. Morphometric indicators of the hemomicrocirculatory system and parenchymal structures of the liver of outbred rats on the 1st day after brain injury, there is an expansion of sinusoidal spaces and capillaries, an expansion of the central venous vessels, focal dystrophic changes in hepatocytes and an increase in the area of hepatocytes compared to normal values.

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